Nie zmieniając form wyrazów zapisanych wielkimi literami i dodając własne, uzupełnij luki w zdaniach, tak aby oddawały sens zdań poprzednich. W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie trzy wyrazy, wliczając już podany.

1. It's not necessary for Kate to buy crisps. I have a	already bought them.
HAVE	
Kate doesn't	crisps. I have already bought them.
2. Why did you stop eating sweets?	
GIVE	
	over a 4 a 9
Why did you	sweets?
3. She often has to take care of her little brother.	
LOOK	
She often has to	her little brother.
4. I don't have any milk in my fridge.	
ANY	
There	milk in my fridge.
5. Karen has just left school. It's possible that she is	
•	is on the out nome now.
AGO	
Karen left school a few	
6. I don't feel like going outside.	
RATHER	
I would	at home.
7. Why don't we play football after school?	
PLAYING	
How	football after school?
8. This actress is so beautiful.	
SUCH	
She is	actress

Uzupełnij zdania. Wykorzystaj w odpowiedniej formie wyrazy podane w nawiasach. Nie należy zmieniać kolejności podanych wyrazów, trzeba natomiast – jeśli to konieczne – dodać inne wyrazy, tak aby otrzymać zdania logiczne i gramatycznie poprawne. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność ortograficzna wpisywanych fragmentów. <u>Uwaga!</u> W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie trzy wyrazy, wliczając w to wyrazy już podane.

1.	My friend had a car accident yesterday and she	(take)hospital
2.	(you / have)	breakfast yet?
3.	I'm looking forward (go)	Kate's birthday party
4.	Mark called twice while (we / have)	dinner yesterday.
5.	Yesterday I (decide / buy)	a new phone. My old one isn't
	so good anymore.	
6.	Children (be / allowed)	drink alcohol. Only adults can do it
7.	I like Kate. She is (such / nice)	person
8.	(you/hear)	_ about Tom? He broke his arm yesterday
9.	I (can / wait)	_ watch this film. I'm sure it will be great
10.	. (be)	swimming pool in your school?
11.	. What (you / think)	of going on holiday to Spain this year?
12.	. I'm not sure what to eat for lunch. I (decide) _	yet
13.	. If I were rich, I (help)	many people
14.	. While she (watch)	TV, her brother took her phone.
15.	. (mind)	if I sit next to you?
16.	. (you / come)	to the party tonight?
17.	. I (already / see)	this film.
18.	. (go)	to the cinema, shall we?

Dla każdej z opisanych sytuacji wybierz właściwą reakcję. Zakreśl literę A, B albo C.

1. Twój kolega spisał się na medal wykonując powierzone mu zadanie. Jak go za to pochwalisz?

	A. I'd love to!
	B. I owe you.
	C. Well done!
2.	Masz w domu gości, a na stole leży świeżo upieczone ciasto. Jak im je zaproponujesz?
	A. Help yourselves!
	B. Were you hungry?
	C. It was a pleasure.
3.	Wybrałeś się ze znajomą do kawiarni. Jak poprosisz kelnerkę o herbatę?
	A. Can we have two teas, please?
	B. We like two teas, please.
	C. Can we please two teas?
4.	Twój znajomy jest zachwycony niedawno przeczytaną książką. Tobie ta książka się nie
	podobała. Jak wyrazisz swoją opinię?
	A. I don't mind this book.
	B. I was so worried with it.
	C. In my opinion it's not worth reading.
5.	Kolega informuje cię, że mimo wcześniejszych ustaleń jego dużo młodsza siostra będzie
	musiała dołączyć do was na wycieczce. Nie jest to dla ciebie żadnym problemem. Jak to
	wyrazisz?
	A. I'm really grateful to you.
	B. That's fine. I don't mind.
	C. It's OK, we're not in trouble.
6.	Chciałbyś dowiedzieć się kim jest z zawodu tata twojej koleżanki. Jak ją o to zapytasz?
	A. What does he like doing?

B. What does he look like?

C. What does he do?

ZADADANIE 4

Uzupełnij dialog. Wpisz w każdą lukę brakujący fragment wypowiedzi, tak aby otrzymać spójny i logiczny tekst. Luki należy uzupełnić w języku angielskim.

1.	A: Mark, how long in this town?
	B: Since my birth. My mum was born here as well.
2.	A: to the cinema with me today? B: Sure, why not!
3.	A: I can't come to your party. I have to look my little sister. I'm really sorry.
	B: Oh no, what! Everyone will be very disappointed.
4.	A: My chemistry exam is tomorrow. I'm very nervous. B: Don't You are very good at chemistry. I'm sure you will do great.
5.	A: Excuse me, how to the railway station?
	B: Go on and on the first intersection turn left. You will have
	to past a big park on your left.
6.	A: Hi Tom, my flight is next Tuesday. I'm landing at 5:30 pm. B: Great: Shall I at the airport?
	A: Thanks, but it's ok. My mum will be waiting for me there.
7.	A: I've pressed the button three times already and I can't even hear the lift moving. I think it order.
	B: Well, I guess you're right take the stairs, shall we?
8.	A:! The taxi is waiting!
	B: I'm coming! Ask the driver one more minute, please.
9.	A: What kind of music on?
	B: My dad? It's hard to say, he listens to different music every day, but his favourite kind is
	probably rock.
10	A: Hi Tom, I'm going to the cinema after school coming with me?
	B: It depends. What movie do you want to watch?

Przetłumacz na język angielski słowa podane w nawiasach, tak aby powstały logiczne i gramatycznie poprawne zdania.

Uwaga! W każdą lukę możesz wpisać nie więcej niż trzy wyrazy.

1. (Gdybym był)you, I wo	ould apologise to your sister for your behaviour.
2. What (ci się podoba)	the most about your school?
3. Yesterday at midnight (oglądałem)	TV.
4. (Ile pieniędzy)	would you like to borrow from me?
5. (Masz ochotę)	going to the cinema today?
6. I (chciałbym)	be an architect.
7. (Nie ma)	sugar in the cupboard.
8. (Czy możemy prosić)	some cutlery, please?
9. (Zapytajmy ich)	about the way.
10. I've never met your dad. (Jaki on jest)	like?
11. I'm not hungry. (Właśnie zjadłem)	lunch.
12. (Nie powinnaś)	eat so many sweets.
13. Have you (byłeś kiedyś / kiedykolwiek w)	Spain?
14. (Szła)	toward the school when I saw her.
15. (Nie wolno mi)	eat such things.
16. (Usiądziemy)	at this table?
17. (Nie bądź zła)	at me.
18. (Jadleś)	breakfast yet?
19. These plants (sq podlewane)	every day.
20. (A może byś)	join us after school today?

Podkreśl poprawne uzupełnienie luk w każdym zdaniu.

- 1. Dear Tom, sorry I (haven't written / didn't write / don't write) for such a long time. How are you?
- 2. I love this actor. He is (such / nor / so) good and handsome!
- 3. Thank you for the invitation. We'd love (visit / visiting / to visit) you but it will be impossible this year.
- 4. **A:** Do you know (whose / who's / whom) bike it is? **B:** I think it belongs to Kate.
- 5. **A:** I want (him / he / his) to apologise to me. **B:** Why? What did he do?
- 6. Kate is a very nice person, (which / who / whose) is always polite to everyone.
- 7. **A:** Does this dog belong to the Wilsons? **B:** No, it's not (their / them / theirs). They don't have a dog at all.
- 8. I'm looking forward to (see / seeing / seen) you at the party!
- 9. Soon after the accident he (was taken / took / is taken) to hospital. He spent there 4 days.
- 10. We have decided (going / to go / to went) to Greece for our holidays this year.
- 11. Look! There (isn't / are / is) no money in my wallet! Why don't you believe me?
- 12. She is busy. Let's not (disturb / mind / realise) her.
- 13. (Although / Despite / Suddenly) it was raining, we decided to go for a walk.
- 14. (Working / To work / Worked) in the garden helps you keep fit.
- 15. The party is this Friday. (Let me / Give me / Make me) know if you will come as soon as possible, please.
- 16. I trusted him, but after some time it (turned out / put on / looked at) that he wasn't honest with me.

Uzupełnij luki w zdaniach wpisując literę odpowiadającą wyrazom podanych w ramce.

Uwaga! Trzy wyrazy zostały podane dodatkowo i nie pasują do żadnej luki.

	A. too	B. done	C. physically	D. extremely	E. made	F. either
_						
1.	No one can	do it. It is				impossible.
2.	I failed the t	est. I			too n	nany mistakes.
3.	My sister is sick so she cannot come to the party. Sadly, I won't be able to come				e	
	A. too	B. wh	o C. theirs	D. both	E. our	F. which
4.	My neighbo	r was a nice pe	erson,	al	ways seemed h	appy with life.
5.	A: Which co	onsole would y	you like to have – a	an XboX or a PS4?		
	B: I'm not sure, they are great				great.	
6.	The house b	elongs to the S	Smith family but th	ne trees over there a	re not	
	A. they	B. pa	rt C. them	D. out	E. piece	F. of
/.	The acciden	t took place rig	ght in front			the school.
8.	I can see you	u're not sure h	ow to solve this ex	tercise. Let me give	you a	of
	advice.					
9.	Look at thes	e trousers! Wh	ny are			so dirty?
	A. alm	ost B. b	oad C. near	D. also	E. made	F. at
	L	I	I			1
10	. I guess I can	say that I'm o	quite good	maths but i	t's my least fav	ourite subject.
11	. You shouldr	i't eat so much	n fast food. It's			for you.
12	. I have to buy	y milk and but	ter. Oh, I	fo	orgot! I need so	me bread, too!

ZADANIE 8 - DODATKOWE

Wybierz poprawną odpowiedź.

1.	According to the	ccording to the, the parent-teacher conference will beg				
	a) notice	b) advertisement	c) explanation			
2.	Matt is not an /a	person. He speaks 5 foreign langu	ages, he can fix			
	anything and he	's extremely helpful. Not many people are like him.				
	a) ordinary	b) unusual	c) stubborn			
3.	I don't know why I behaved like this. It was very silly and I can't really					
	a) expect	b) explain	c) realise			
4.	A: Why did you	his invitation? B: Because I'm not	really fond of him.			
	a) refuse	b) respect	c) disagree			
5.	There is a very i	nteresting art at the museum. S	hall we go and see?			
	a) waste	b) exhibition	c) performance			
6.	The weather wa	s It was very foggy and	I rainy all the time.			
	a) sensitive	b) annoyed	c) awful			
7.	A: We can't go	to the dog shelter today. It's open every day	Thursdays.			
	B: Oh right, I thought it's Wednesday today.					
	a) due to	b) including	c) except for			
8.	A: When are yo	u going to visit us? B:	, I hope.			
	a) Immediately	b) Suddenly	c) Soon			
9.	Tom is a very ta	lented and hard-working student,	he is always very			
	helpful to everyone in the class.					
	a) What's more	b) That's why	c) However			
10.	A: I'm really so	rry for breaking your coffee mug. B: It's ok, I didn't	like it			
	a) either	b) anyway	c) even			
11.	The police are s	till investigating the	_ in our apartment.			
	a) bulling	b) burglary	c) thief			