Nie zmieniając form wyrazów zapisanych wielkimi literami i dodając własne, uzupełnij luki w zdaniach, tak aby oddawały sens zdań poprzednich. W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie cztery wyrazy, wliczając już podany.

1.	It's not necessary for Kate to buy crisps. I have already bought them.			
	HAVE			
	Kate doesn't cri	isps. I have already bought them.		
2.	Adam didn't win the marathon because he was too slow.			
	FAST			
	Adam wasn't	to win the marathon.		
3.	She often has to take care of her little brother.			
	LOOK			
	She often must	her little brother.		
4.	I don't have any money in my wallet.			
	ANY			
	There	money in my wallet.		
5.	I'm not hungry. I had breakfast a few minutes ago.			
	ALREADY			
	I'm not hungry. I	breakfast.		
6.	Does your dad like to watch romantic comedies?			
	ENJOY			
	Does your dad	romantic comedies?		
7.	A: Why don't we play football after school? B: Great idea! Let's	do it.		
	ABOUT			
	How	football after school?		

Uzupełnij zdania. Wykorzystaj w odpowiedniej formie wyrazy podane w nawiasach. Nie należy zmieniać kolejności podanych wyrazów, trzeba natomiast – jeśli to konieczne – dodać inne wyrazy, tak aby otrzymać zdania logiczne i gramatycznie poprawne. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność ortograficzna wpisywanych fragmentów. <u>Uwaga!</u> W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie cztery wyrazy, wliczając w to wyrazy już podane.

1.	Anna had a car accident yesterday and she (tak	e) to hospital in an ambulance.
2.	(you / meet)	Kate's boyfriend yet?
3.	In my opinion books (interesting / than)	movies.
4.	Mark called twice while (we / have)	dinner yesterday.
5.	Yesterday I (decide / buy)	a new phone. My old one isn't so good anymore.
6.	Children (be / allowed)	to drink alcohol. Only adults can do it.
7.	Our headteacher is	(tall / person) I have ever met.
8.	A: How long (you / have)	this phone? B: Since last year.
9.	I (can / wait)	watch this film. I'm sure it will be great.
10.	(be)	swimming pool in your school?
11.	What (you / think)	of going on holiday to Spain this year?
12.	I'm not sure what to eat for lunch. I (decide) _	yet.
13.	If I were rich, I (help)	a lot of people.
14.	While Anna (watch)	TV, her brother took her phone.

Dla każdej z opisanych sytuacji wybierz właściwą reakcję. Zakreśl literę A, B albo C.

- Twój kolega spisał się na medal wykonując powierzone mu zadanie. Jak go za to pochwalisz?
 A. I'd love to!
 - B. What a shame!
 - C. Well done!
- 2. Masz w domu gościa, a na stole leży świeżo upieczone ciasto. Jak mu je zaproponujesz?
 - A. Help yourself!
 - B. Are you thirsty?
 - C. Have it immediately!
- 3. Wybrałeś się ze znajomą do kawiarni. Jak poprosisz kelnerkę o herbatę?
 - A. Can we have two teas, please?
 - B. We like two teas, please.
 - C. Can we give two teas, please?
- 4. Twój znajomy jest zachwycony niedawno przeczytaną książką. Tobie ta książka się nie podobała. Jak wyrazisz swoją opinię?
 - A. I didn't expect this book to be good.
 - B. I found it amusing.
 - C. In my opinion it's not worth reading.
- 5. Kolega informuje cię, że mimo wcześniejszych ustaleń jego dużo młodsza siostra będzie musiała dołączyć do was na wycieczce. Nie jest to dla ciebie żadnym problemem. Jak to wyrazisz?
 - A. I'm really grateful to you.
 - B. That's fine. I don't mind.
 - C. What a pity!
- 6. Masz problem ze zrozumieniem jednego słowa. Jak poprosisz nauczyciela o jego wyjaśnienie?
 - A. Excuse me, how do you spell this word?
 - B. I don't mind reading it now.
 - C. Excuse me, could you explain the meaning of this word?

Uzupełnij dialog. Wpisz w każdą lukę brakujący fragment wypowiedzi, tak aby otrzymać spójny i logiczny tekst. Luki należy uzupełnić w języku angielskim.

1.	. A: Mark, how long	in this town? Do you like it here?			
	B: All my life. This place is perfect for me	÷.			
2.	A: How	going to the cinema today?			
	B: Sure, why not!				
3.	A: I can't come to your party. I have to loo	ok my little sister. I'm really sorry.			
	B: Oh no, what! E	veryone will be very disappointed.			
4.	A: bike is it?				
	B: Kate's, I think.				
5.	A: Excuse me, how	to the railway station?			
	B: Go on and on the first in	tersection turn left.			
6.	A: Hi Tom, my flight is next Tuesday. I'm landing at 5:30 pm.				
	B: Great: Shall I	from the airport?			
	A: Thanks, but it's okay. My mum will be	waiting for me there.			
7.	A: Would you like to go to the stadium	foot?			
	B: Not really, take a	tram, shall we?			
8.	A:up! The taxi is	waiting!			
	B: I'm coming! the driver to w	vait one more minute.			
9.	A: What kind of music	keen on?			
	B: My dad? It's hard to say, he listens to deprobably rock.	lifferent music every day, but his favourite kind is			
10.	A: Hi Tom, I'm going to the cinema after	school. Do coming with me?			
	B: It depends. What movie do you want to	watch?			
11.	. A: Good morning. I would like a ticket to	Barcelonait?			
	B: 5 Euros.				

Przetłumacz na język angielski słowa podane w nawiasach, tak aby powstały logiczne i gramatycznie poprawne zdania.

Uwaga! W każdą lukę możesz wpisać nie więcej niż trzy wyrazy.

1.	(Gdybym był)	_ you, I would apologise to your sister for your behaviour.
2.	What do (ci się podoba)	the most about your school?
3.	Yesterday at midnight (oglądałem)	TV.
4.	(Ile pieniędzy)	would you like to borrow from me?
5.	Do (masz ochotę)	going to the cinema today?
6.	I (chciałbym)	be an architect.
7.	(Nie ma)	sugar in the cupboard.
8.	Can (czy możemy prosić)	some cutlery, please?
9.	(Zapytajmy ich)	about the way.
10	. I've never met your dad. (Jaki on jest)	like?
11	. I'm not hungry. I (właśnie zjadłem)	lunch
12	. (Nie powinnaś)	eat so many sweets.
13	. Have you (byłeś kiedyś / kiedykolwiek r	w) Spain?
14	. Kate (szła)	towards the school when I saw her
15	. I'm not (nie wolno mi)	eat such things.

Podkreśl poprawne uzupełnienie luk w każdym zdaniu.

- 1. Dear Tom, sorry I (didn't wrote / haven't written / don't write) for such a long time. How are you?
- 2. Where's the woman (whose / which / who) ordered a large cappuccino? I can't see her anywhere.
- 3. Thank you for the invitation. We'd love (visit / visiting / to visit) you, but it will be impossible this year.
- 4. **A:** Do you know (whose / who's / which) bike it is? **B:** Kate's, I think.
- 5. Hurry up! We have very (few / little / small) time!
- 6. There isn't any lemonade left. Would you like some orange juice (suddenly / instead / immediately)?
- 7. **A:** Does this dog belong to the Wilsons? **B:** No, it's not (their / them / theirs). They don't have a dog.
- 8. Every car has windscreen wipers. They (were invented / were inventing / invented) a long time ago.
- 9. Soon after the accident he (was taken / took / has taken) to hospital. He spent there 4 days.
- 10. We have decided (going / to go / go) to Greece for our holiday this year.
- 11. Look! There (isn't / are / is) no money in my wallet! Why don't you believe me?
- 12. Kate is busy. Let's not (disturb / warn / encourage) her.
- 13. (Although / Recently / Suddenly) it was raining, we decided to go for a walk.
- 14. (Working / To work / Worked) in the garden helps you keep fit.
- 15. The party is this Friday. (Let me / Give me / Make me) know if you will come, please.

Uzupełnij luki w zdaniach wpisując literę odpowiadającą wyrazom podanych w ramce. Uwaga! Trzy wyrazy zostały podane dodatkowo i nie pasują do żadnej luki.

	A. too	B. done	C. physically	D. very	E. made	F. either
-						
1.	No one can do	it. It is				impossible.
2.	I failed the test	. I			too	many mistakes.
3.	. My sister is sick so she cannot come to the party. Sadly, I won't be able to come					
Г						
	A. too	B. who	C. theirs	D. both	E. them	F. which
	4. My neighbor was a nice person, always seemed5. A: Which console would you like to have – an XboX or a PS4?				always seemed l	nappy with life.
	B: I'm not sure, they are grea				great.	
6.	6. That house belongs to the Smith family but the trees over there are not					
-					_	
	A. they	B. during	C. them	D. out	E. piece	F. right
L						,
7.	The accident ha	appened			in from	t of the school.
8.	I can see you're	e not sure how to	solve this exercise	. Let me give you	a	of advice.
9.	Look at these to	rousers! Why are				so dirty?

ZADANIE 8 - SŁOWNICTWO

Wybierz poprawną odpowiedź.

I.	According to the	to the, the parent-teacher conference will begin at 6 pm.			
	a) notice	b) contest	c) explanation		
2.	Matt is not an /a person. He speaks 5 foreign languages, he can fix anything and he's				
	extremely helpful. Not many people	e are like him.			
	a) ordinary	b) unusual	c) stubborn		
3.	I don't know why I behaved like this. It was very silly and I can't really it.				
	a) expect	b) explain	c) complain		
4.	Anna and Tom don't have their flat yet but they intend to buy it next year.				
	a) responsible	b) own	c) whole		
5.	There is a very interesting art	at the museum. Shall we	go and see?		
	a) opportunity	b) exhibition	c) performance		
6.	The weather was I	It was very foggy and rainy all the time.			
	a) sensitive	b) annoyed	c) awful		
7.	A: We can't go to the dog shelter to	oday. It's open every day	Thursdays. B: Oh		
	right, I thought it's Wednesday today.				
	a) due to	b) including	c) except for		
8.	A: When are you going to visit us?	B: , I hope.			
	a) Immediately	b) Suddenly	c) Soon		
9.	Tom is a very talented and hard-working student, he is always very helpful to				
	everyone in the class.				
	a) What's more	b) That's why	c) However		
10.	A: I'm really sorry for breaking you	ur coffee mug. B: It's ok, I didn't lik	ke it		
	a) either	b) anyway	c) even		